



Phase-locked Local Oscillator for Superconducting Integrated Receiver

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Phase-locked Local Oscillator for Superconducting Integrated Receiver

Outline

- Superconducting Integrated Receiver (SIR)
- Flux Flow Oscillator (FFO) for the TErahertz Llmb Sounder (TELIS) project
- NbN FFO for TELIS new features: continuous frequency and power tuning; FFO linewidth
- Remote optimization of the FFO/SIR operation
- PL FFO phase noise & spectral ratio
- New approaches and future FFO applications
- Conclusion



Internal part of the SIR Microcircuit



Nb-AlOx-Nb or Nb-AlN-NbN; $Jc = 5 - 10 \text{ kA/cm}^2$ Optionally: SIS – $Jc = 8 \text{ kA/cm}^2$; FFO + HM = 4 kA/cm²







Superconducting Integrated Receiver for TELIS - TErahertz LImb Sounder







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Flux Flow Oscillator based on Long Josephson Junction





Quality of the AIOx and AIN tunnel barriers on the current density





Nb-AIN-NbN FFO for SIR; new features



V.P. Koshelets, et al, Phys. Rev. B, vol. **56**, pp 5572-5577, (1997) 7



Nb-AIN-NbN SIS pumped by FFO; FFO frequency tuning





Nb-AIN-NbN SIS pumped by FFO; FFO power tuning (f = 500 GHz)







Frequency dependence of the FFO: Nb-AIOx-Nb and Nb-AIN-NbN circuits



SIR for TELIS – remote operation on the Fiske steps



Cryogenic Phase Locking Loop System for Flux-Flow Oscillator *Poster P6-7 by Andrey Ermakov*

SIR for TELIS – remote operation: QP vs Josephson







Frequency and Phase Locked spectra of the Nb-AIN-NbN FFO





Phase Noise of the PL FFO





PL FFO Phase Noise and Spectral Ratio



PLL Regulation Bandwidth (MHz)



Linewidth of free-running FFOs and SR for the PL FFO as a function of FFO width (RnS = 30 $\Omega^*\mu m^2$)





Suppression of the FFO voltage noise

The FFO voltage is independently controlled by the two currents I_{B} and I_{C}



Relation between the amplitude of the FFO noise current and voltage noise

$$Vnoise(\omega) = \left(Rd \cdot X_{1}(\omega) - \frac{A\alpha_{sh}X_{2}(\omega)}{A\alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2}} Rd^{CL} \right) Inoise$$
$$Rd^{CL} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial I_{CL}} \qquad Rd = \frac{\partial V}{\partial I_{B}}$$



Cryogenic PLL System



Cryogenic Phase Locking Loop System for Flux-Flow Oscillator *Poster P7-7 by Andrey Khudchenko*



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- Concept of the Phase-locked SIR is developed and tested.
- Nb-AIN-NbN FFOs and SIRs have been successfully implemented.
- Improved design of the FFO for TELIS has been developed and optimized; free-running linewidth from 0.5 to 10 MHz recorded in the frequency range 350 – 740 GHz that allows to phase lock from 35 up to 97 % of the FFO power.
- 3-rd generation of the SIR with PL FFO for TELIS has been developed showing a possibility to realize TELIS requirements: Frequency range 500 – 650 ΓΓμ; Noise Temperature < 150 K; IF bandwidth 4 - 8 ΓΓμ; Spectral resolution better 1 ΜΓμ.
- Procedure for remote optimization of the PL SIR operation has been developed and experimentally proven.
- First TELIS flight is scheduled on May June, 2008 (Terezina, Brazil).
- Approaches to increase SR of the PL FFO proposed and tested.
- Future space missions are under consideration.